

Guidelines for Stratification

<p>Average Colorectal Cancer Risk</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No family history of colorectal cancer • One SDR ^b with colorectal cancer • One TDR ^c with colorectal cancer 	<p>Increased Colorectal Cancer Risk</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One or more FDRs with CRC or adenomatous polyps • Two or more SDRs with CRC or adenomatous polyps • Three FDR or SDRs with CRC, adenomatous polyps and/or related cancers on the same side of the family • One FDR or SDR with 2 or more primary tumors or > 10 adenomas.
	<p>Familial Colorectal Cancer</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One FDR with CRC or adenomatous polyps diagnosed after age 50. • Two FDRs diagnosed with CRC at any age. • Two SDRs with CRC. <p>Hereditary Colorectal Cancer Syndromes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Three FDRs or SDRs with CRC, or related cancers on the same side of the family • One FDR or SDR with two or more primary tumor • One FDR or SDR with more than 10 adenomas • One FDR diagnosed with CRC before age 50

^a First-degree relatives include parents, siblings, and children

^b Second-degree relatives include grandparents, aunts, uncles, nieces, and nephews

^c Third-degree relatives include great grandparents, great aunts and uncles, and cousins